

I-Read the following text then do the tasks below:

The law related to computer crime is changing Very quickly. Modern criminals are using computers to help them commit crimes like identity theft and to make it easier to commit old crimes like theft or fraud.

One issue that makes it hard to fight computer crime is that this type of offence is often more difficult to solve than traditional crimes because the criminals are invisible and their actions may be hard to prove.

Another issue is that it is quite difficult to prosecute a computer criminal successfully because usually nothing is actually stolen or physically damaged. In recent years computer crime has increased as the number of people using the internet to buy things or to access their bank accounts has grown.

This new type of business has attracted techno-criminals who order goods without paying, or break into the computer systems of businesses and move money to their own account or send viruses which can seriously damage computers and information they contain. Criminals can use the Internet to plan crimes and pass on confidential information more easily than meetings or telephone conversations.

Read the following questions: (21marks)

1. What examples of old and new crimes does the writer give?
2. Why it is difficult for the police to solve computer crimes?
3. Why are modern criminals using computers?

Find words in the text which mean the following:

(21marks)

4. a bad programme which damages computers
5. the crime of lying or cheating to get money
6. to discover who commits a crime

Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information: (16marks)

7. The law related to television crime is changing slowly.
8. The computer criminals are visible and their actions may be easy to prove.

II- Read the following text then do the tasks:

Jean Froissart was one of the most important French writers in the Middle Ages. He wrote Chronicles – colourful **accounts** of what he saw – that have become one of our most important **sources** of information for 14th Century Europe. Although his first job was as a merchant, he soon became a clerk and showed ability in writing. At that time, not many people could read and write. At the age of 24 he became a court poet and the official historian for Philippa of Hainault, the wife of Edward III of England. The following **passage** describes an event during the Hundred Years War between France and England. Although it is reporting an event, it was designed to be read out aloud to entertain Queen Philippa and her court.

Choose the correct answer a, b or c: (14 marks)

9. After Jean Froissart had mastered writing,

he became a

- a. writer b. court poets c. archaeologist

10. Chronicles are writings that narrate

- a. past event b. funny events
c. only amusing episodes.

Match three of the underlined words from the text to the definition below: (14 marks)

11. a short section from a book, piece of music, etc..

12. people, books or documents that provide

information.

Complete the following sentences with information

from the text: (14 marks)

13. When he was 24 he turned out to be.....

14. Jean Froissart was one of the most important.....

Complete the following by filling in the gaps:

(28marks)

Syria **15**..... at the forefront of regional recycling, hosting regional conferences dedicated to the protection of **16**..... environment, water conservation **17**..... climate change. Major recycling plants have been built in the last few years **18**..... order to dispose safely of substances such as plastics.

Fill in the spaces with words from the list.

Use each word once only: (30marks)

suddenly- days -Expected- cause- problem

The people ...**19**... the Mayor to find the answer to their ...**20**... but he didn't know why Greenchester had turned grey. He discussed the problem for several**21**..with his advisors, then...**22**. he realized the ...**23**...of the problem might be the landfill site on the edge of the town.

Complete the following dialogue by writing

suitable questions and answer. Write at least three

words for each question: (40marks)

24. A:.....?

B: Yes, I like playing the guitar.

25. A:.....?

B: I have been playing it for ten years.

26. A:.....?

B: I first played it at school.

27. A: Which type of law deals with murder and theft?

B:.....

Rewrite the following sentences as required

in brackets: (40marks)

28. I am not good at maths. I (I wish)

29. The weather's too hot. (I wish)

30. The streets are very dirty. (I wish)

31. When he accused me of being wasteful. I **got very angry.**

(replace the phrase with a color idiom)

Complete the following sentences using clauses:

(20 marks)

32. When I was a student.

33. I have been playing the Piano since

Choose the correct words in brackets:(28 marks)

34. During the storm, there were (chaotic , chaos) scones in the city

35. In my city, the council is (going along with , running out of) space for new houses.

36. I'm so busy I find it very hard to (keep up with , put up with) the news

Correct the verbs in brackets: (28 marks)

37. While I was walking to school, suddenly I (think)of my friend, Hani

38. He (study) the law for three years.

39. Irish people emigrated because so many (die) of starvation.

40. The detectives (interview) people all week.

Translation:

Translate the following sentence into Arabic:

(10 marks)

41. Three men will appear in court tomorrow accused of dangerous driving.

Translate the following sentence into English:

(10 marks)

42. الطلاب الذين كانوا يغشون، سوف يعاقبون بشدة

Composition:

(66 marks)

Write a composition of no more than 80 words on the following topic:

Write an email to a friend about a significant event that changed your life.'



I-Read the following text then do the tasks below:

The Geneva Convention is a set of international laws that protect injured soldiers and civilians during war. The law makes sure that every person is treated well and with respect. The first treaty was written in 1864 but it is often changed due to different types of war. It was significantly updated in 1949 after World War Two. Syria is one of 200 countries in the world that agrees to follow the laws of the Geneva Convention. The agreement is important because during war a country might need help from neutral organizations to care for the wounded. The Red Crescent is one of the organisations that provides aid during times of war. It also helps injured people during peacetime, and you may have seen ambulances with the Red Crescent symbol in the street.

Countries who 'follow the laws of the Geneva Convention must not attack civilians, and they are not allowed to fight someone who is already hurt. It is illegal to ignore these rules, and a country found guilty of committing war crimes will be tried in a court of law and can be severely punished. All soldiers, civilians and prisoners may receive medical help from doctors and nurses. They can be taken to a hospital without being attacked.

Answer the following questions: (21marks)

1. How does the Geneva Convention help the victims of war?
2. What is forbidden under the rules of the Geneva Convention?
3. What is the Red Crescent?

Find words in the text which mean the following: (21marks)

4. a formal agreement
5. people who are not in the army
6. very harshly

Rewrite these sentences about the text to correct the information: (16marks)

7. The treaty was written in 1949.
8. Syria didn't agree to follow the Geneva charity.

II- Read the following text then do the tasks:

Satire is a genre of literature that makes fun of people. In satire, human or individual vices or weaknesses are examined and mocked. Although satire is generally funny, its main purpose is to criticise a person, a group or an institution in an intelligent manner. Not all satirists have the luxury of being able to criticise people or society without fear of the authorities taking action against them. Because of this, many Roman satirists criticised imaginary individuals, or people and events from many years before. To the more intelligent of their readers or audience, the real targets were obvious, not that the authorities and the rich and powerful (who were often those being mocked) could prove this or stop people from laughing. There are many different forms of satire, but all of them are intended to criticise or mock, though some have done it less obviously than others. Satire was famously used in ancient Greece, although the name comes from the ancient Roman language, Latin. Juvenal is one of the most famous and imaginative of the Roman satirists, and was inspired by earlier Greek writers such as Aristophanes. Alexander Pope, a leading 18th century poet and a skilled translator of Latin, was also influenced by the Greek and Roman authors who came before him. Samuel Beckett's work shows how satire is still relevant and interesting in the modern day, by using absurdism to satire life itself.

Choose the correct answer a, b or c: (14marks)

9. All types of satire are meant to

a. criticize b. differ completely

c. be of the same form

10. Satirists criticized faults of others indirectly because they were

a. afraid to be punished by authorities

b. amusing others

c. addressing the intelligent readers

Match three of the underlined words from the text to the definition below: (14 marks)

11. affected the way someone or something behaves or thinks

12. pointed out the faults in someone or something.

Complete the following sentences with information from the text: (14marks)

13. Satire is a kind of

14. Although satire is funny, its main purpose is to

Complete the following by filling in the gaps:

(28marks)

Greenchester was ... **15** good place to live. It had parks, forests and lakes **16** ... people spent their free time. It was a very clean place because everybody recycled all their rubbish. **17**... one morning the people of Greenchester woke up to find that during ..**18**...night their town had turned grey.

Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

Use each word once only: (30marks)

suddenly- days-Expected- cause- problem

The people ...**19**... the Mayor to find the answer to their ...**20**... but he didn't know why Greenchester had turned grey. He discussed the problem for several ...**21**...with his advisors, then ...**22**.... he realized the ...**23**...of the problem might be the landfill site on the edge of the town.

Complete the following dialogue by writing suitable questions and answer. Write at least three words for each question: (40marks)

24. A:.....?

B:I am from Egypt.

25. A:.....?

B: I have been studying at the university of Cairo since last year.

26. A:.....?

B:We have been married for twenty years.

27. A:What is your favorite hobby?

B:.....

Rewrite the following sentences as required

in brackets: (40marks)

28. I can't sleep at night. (**I wish...**)

29. Many people drive too fast in the city centre. (**I wish...**)

30. I heard this morning **unexpectedly**.
(**replace the phrase with a color idiom**)

31. Our city doesn't collect rubbish often enough. (**I wish...**)

Complete the following sentences using clauses:

(20marks)

32. When he accused me of being wasteful,.....

33. James was very nervous when

Choose the correct words in brackets: (28marks)

34. Because there was no clean drinking water ,
(**infection , infect**) spread very quickly

35. The jury said he was not (**guilt, guilty**).

36. I'm looking for a new flat. I can't (**come up with , put up with**) the noise of the traffic any longer.

Correct the verbs in brackets: (28marks)

37. I (**play**) the piano since I was 13.

38. By the end of 1854, about half of the population of Ireland (**leave**) for other parts of the world.

39. When they sailed past Tristan de Cunha, the volcano (**erupt**).

Translation:

Translate the following sentence into Arabic: (10marks)

40. Scientists are trying to produce new energy without damaging the environment.

Translate the following sentence into English: (10marks)

41. هي لم تشعر بالثقة كثيراً حياال اجتياز اختبار القيادة

42. **Composition:** (66marks)

Write a composition of no more than 80 words on the following topic:

Should **motorists** who drive too fast in residential areas be banned from driving?